Sitka Tribe of Alaska Southeast Alaska Tribal Ocean Research





Environmental Monitoring in Southeast Alaska

Kari Lanphier and Angela Hessenius

Sitka Tribe of Alaska



Resource Protection Department

- Marine Biotoxin Program
 Fisheries Program
- Ocean Chemistry Program
 Traditional Foods Program



SEATOR



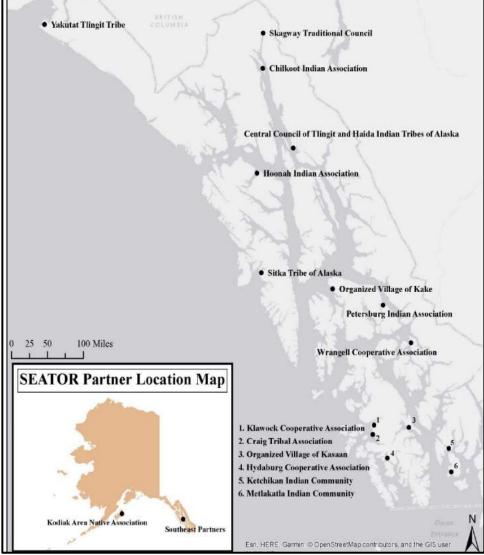
Tribal governments working together to assess environmental threats that hinder access to traditional foods.



Tribal Partners









Subsistence Foods





Ensuring access to traditional foods in changing climatic conditions





Shellfish











- Abundant
- Accessible
- Available year round

The Problem



Shellfish can be dangerous to consume. May contain toxins dangerous to human health.

Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning PSP	Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning ASP	Diarrhetic Shellfish Poisoning DSP
 Numbness and tingling in extremities Difficulty breathing Death 	 Vomiting and nausea Diarrhea Dizziness Permanent short term memory loss 	 Vomiting and nausea Abdominal pain Severe gastrointestinal distress

The Problem



Shellfish can be dangerous to consume. May contain toxins dangerous to human health.

Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning PSP

- Numbness and tingling in extremities
- Difficulty breathing
- Death

Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning ASP

- Vomiting and nausea
- Diarrhea
- Dizziness
- Permanent short term memory loss

Diarrhetic Shellfish Poisoning DSP

- Vomiting and nausea
- Abdominal pain
- Severe gastrointestinal distress

Next Steps?



How can we ensure access to shellfish, an important traditional food, when it poses a threat to human health?



SEATOR Program







- Phytoplankton Observations
- Shellfish Toxin Testing
- Communicating Results



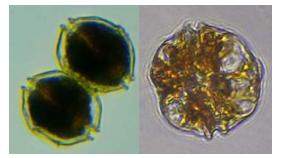




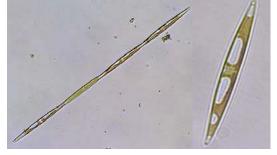
Phytoplankton Observations



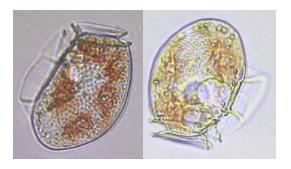
Alexandrium



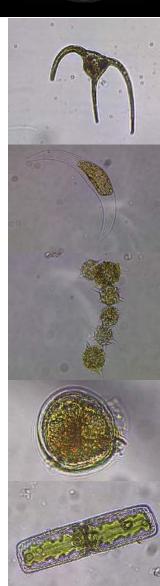
Pseudo-Nitzschia



Dinophysis



- Prioritize HAB species in microscopy
- Categorized by abundance (bloom, common, present, absent)
- Phytoplankton observations inform shellfish testing
- Over 1,500 phytoplankton observations made by SEATOR partners



Shellfish Testing Program













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Communication: Marine Biotoxins SEATO





Southeast Alaska Tribal Ocean Research

Sitka Tribe of Alaska Environmental Research Laboratory 429 Katlian Street, Sitka Alaska (907) 966-9650 seator@sitkatribe-nsn.gov



PSP Report 11/09/2017

DCD Decul+* Comple

					PSP Result*	Sample	
STAERL ID	Date Collected	Location	Sample Site	Species	(µg/100g)	Type	Collector
170922	11/7/2017	Sitka	Starrigavan North	Blue Mussel	4	whole	Sitka Tribe of Alaska
			False Island Boat				
170923	11/7/2017	Craig	Launch	Blue Mussel	44	whole	Craig Tribal Association
170924	11/7/2017	Kasaan	Kasaan Harbor	Blue Mussel	7	whole	Organized Village of Kasaan
							Wrangell Cooperative
170925	11/6/2017	Wrangell	Shoemaker Beach	Blue Mussel	8	whole	Association
170926	11/6/2017	Wrangell	Pat's Creek Beach	Blue Mussel	6	whole	Wrangell Cooperative Association
			City of Klawock Boat				Klawock Cooperative
170927	11/7/2017	Klawock	Launch	Blue Mussel	29	whole	Association
170928	11/7/2017	Petersburg	Sandy Beach	Blue Mussel	4	whole	Petersburg Indian Association
170328	11/1/2017	retersburg	Sandy Deach	blue Mussel	,	WHOIC	retersburg indian Association
170929	11/7/2017	Petersburg	5.5 Mile	Blue Mussel	5	whole	Petersburg Indian Association
170930	11/5/2017	Kodiak	Near Island	Butter Clam	106	whole	Sun'aq Tribe of Kodiak

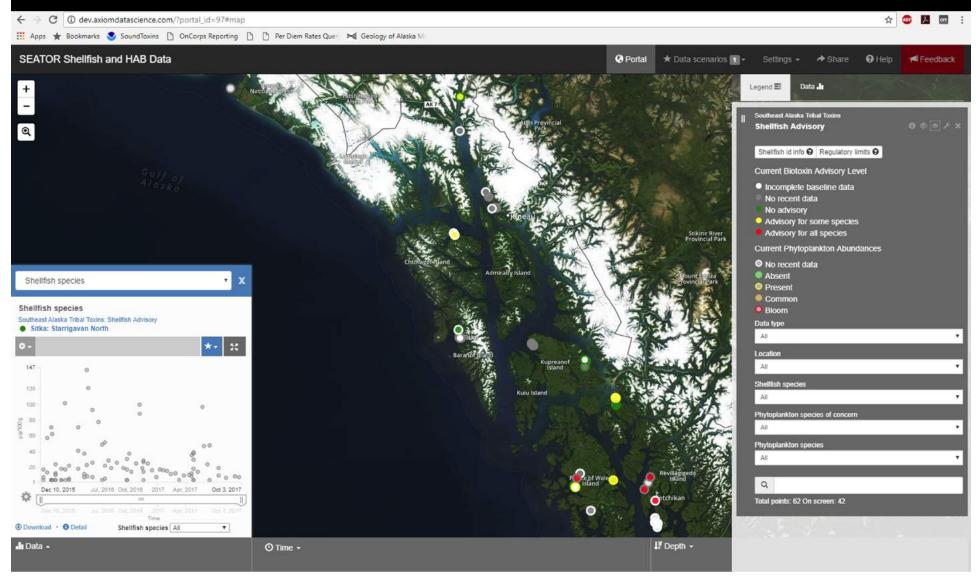
*NTD: No Toxins Detected FDA Action Level: 80 µg/100g

www.seator.org/data

Shellfish Marine Biotoxin Bulletin

Data Accessibility





Data Accessibility







Group Activity





Alaska





Case Study Areas



Yakutat

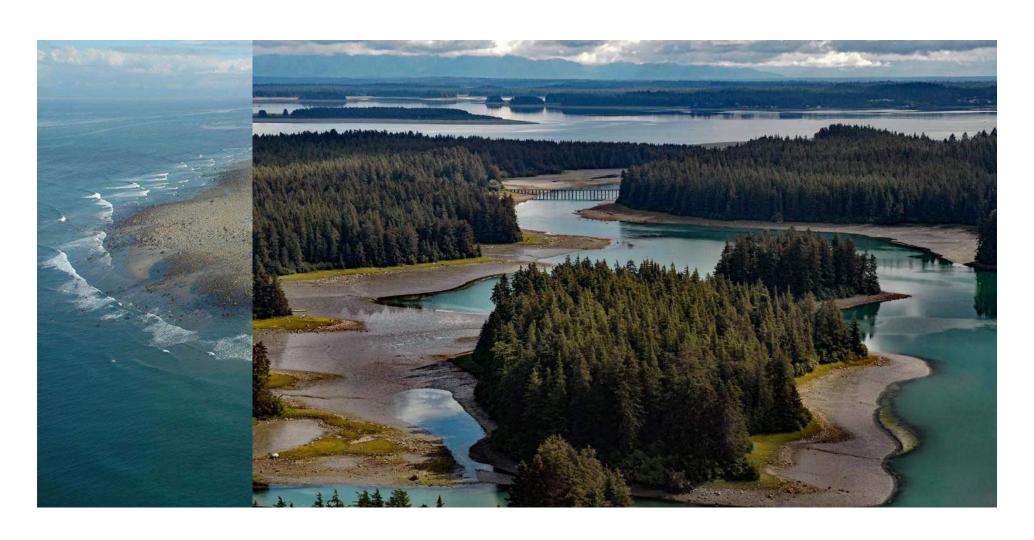
Petersburg

Ketchikan



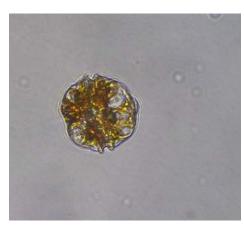
Yakutat

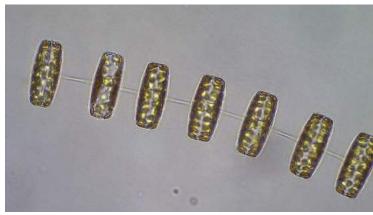


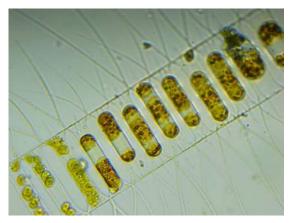


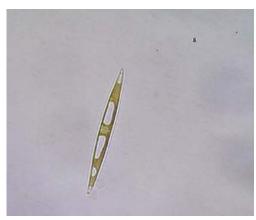
Yakutat: Phytoplankton

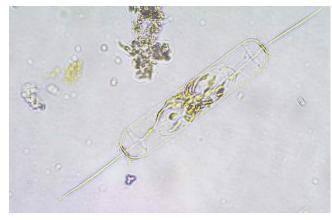














Petersburg: Sandy Beach

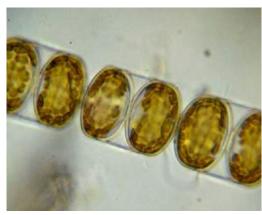




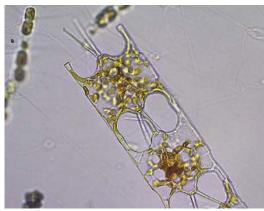
Petersburg: Phytoplankton

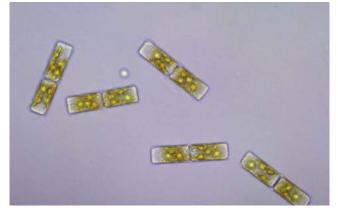














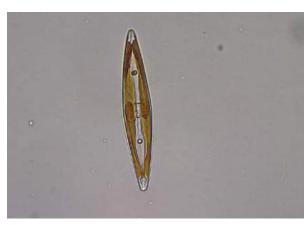
Ketchikan: Seaport Beach

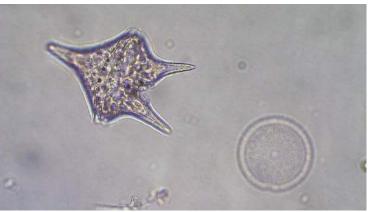


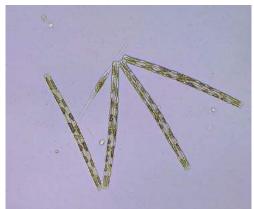


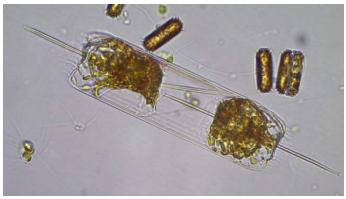
Ketchikan: Phytoplankton



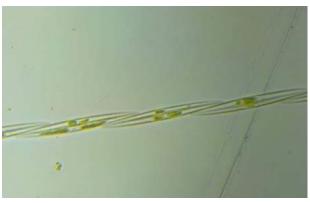












Blue Mussels



- Picks up toxins quickly
- Removes toxins quickly
- Best indicator of current water column conditions



Cockles





- Picks up toxins 1-2 weeks after blue mussels
- Usually removes toxins before winter
- Looks like a Ruffles chip

Butter Clams



- Largest commonly harvested clam in Southeast
- Retains toxins for years
- Namesake for the primary toxin in PSP- saxotoxinsaxidomus gagantea



STAERL PSP Report





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STAERL PSP Report: March



STAERL PSP Report: April



STAERL PSP Report: May

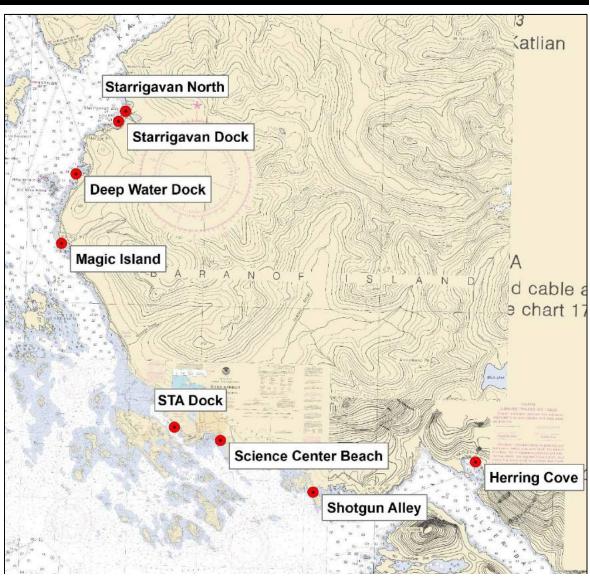


Sitka, AK July 2018



"You have a bloom of Pseudo-Nitzschia going on. It is probably toxic with domoic acid. You may find ill sea lions at some point soon."





Sitka, AK July 2018





Electron Microscopy: PMN Methodology





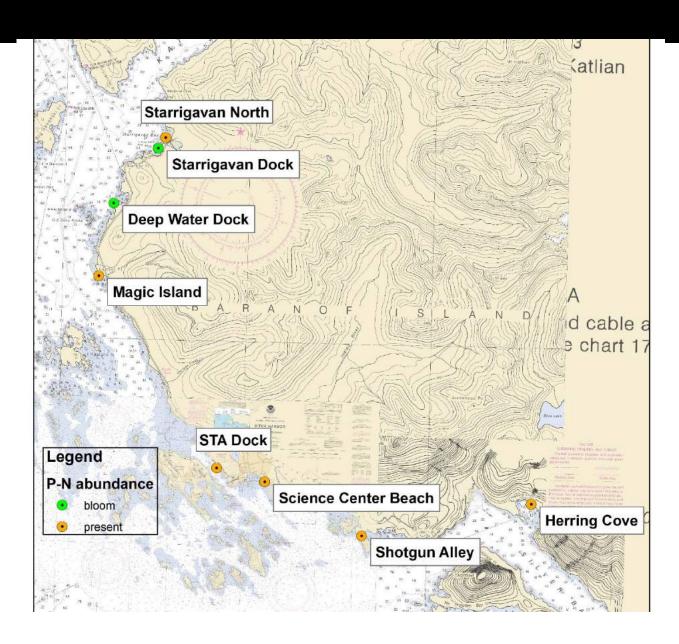
Phytoplankton Abundance Categories

Category	Average number of P-
	n cells per square area
Bloom	≥ 21
Common	8≥20
Present	0≥7
Absent	0

Sample Site	Average # of cells/square (approximate)	P-n concentration (present, common, bloom)
Starrigavan		
North	7	present
Starrigavan		
Dock	65	bloom
Deep-water		
Dock	89	bloom
Magic Island	4	present
STA Dock	2	present
Science Center	<1	present
Shotgun Alley	4	present
Herring Cove	<1	present

P-n Abundance





Domoic Acid Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning



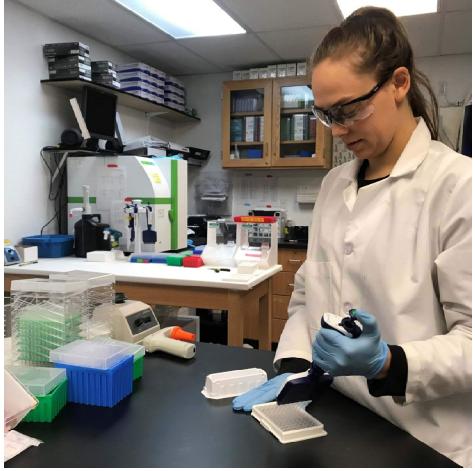
10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	No Nimb	Site Location	Pseudo Nitzschia Abundance	ELISA Result ng/L
		Starrigavan North	present	NTD
Sold Williams	N. N. W.	Starrigavan Dock	bloom	NTD
		Deep Water Dock	bloom	NTD
No. of the last of	YOUR STANKING	Magic Island	present	NTD
		STA Dock	present	50.4
	Starrigavan North	Science Center Beach	present	NTD
at the state of th		Shotgun Alley	present	4.8
The same of the sa	Starrigavan Dock	Herring Cove	present	NTD
Magic	Island A R A N	O F S L	AND	
Magic	Island A R A N	O F	14 MR 11 P2011 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	chart 17

NOAA Emergency Response Program



 No current or consistent monitoring for ASP in Southeast Alaska.





NOAA Emergency Response Program- Pilot Study



- Collect additional phytoplankton samples when P-n is observed
- Better understand the temporal and spatial distribution of P-n among SEATOR Partner sites
- Test for domoic acid at SEATOR Partner sites



Event Response Results: Phytoplankton



Community	Bloom	Common	Present	Absent	Total Observations
Craig	2	5	25	347	379
Haines	0	0	0	2	2
Hoonah	7	3	31	98	139
Hydaburg	1	1	24	17	43
Juneau	1	5	19	74	99
Kasaan	4	8	41	57	110
Ketchikan	0	3	13	39	55
Klawock	k 1 2		14	200	217
Petersburg	1	38	97	337	473
Sitka	16	24	153	136	329
Skagway	0	1	6	90	97
Wrangell	0	2	110	87	199
Yakutat	0	0	6	26	32
Total	33	92	539	1510	2174

Domoic Acid Detection

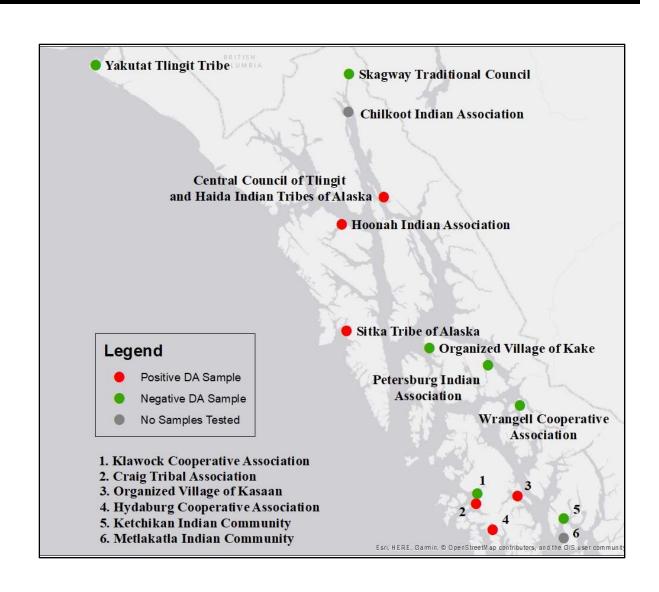


- 1L of seawater filtered through a .45μm nitrocellulose filter
- Extracted in 4mL of MQ water, sonicated and centrifuged.
 - Samples analyzed within 24 hours of extraction
- Mercury Science ELISA Test Kit
 - Detection Limit: .1ppb
 - Quantitative Range: .3ppb-6ppb
- Analysis assistance from Northwest Fisheries Science Center and WA Department of Fish and Wildlife

Event Response Results: Seawater Filters



- Tested 75
 Seawater Filters
 from 12 SEATOR
 communities
- 10 were positive for Domoic Acid
- Max Value 62
 ng/L in Juneau
 from July 3rd



Event Response Results: Seawater Filters



STAERL ID	Date Collected	DA Result (ng/L)	Community
180704	7/5/2018	4.8	Sitka Tribe of Alaska
180833	8/10/2018	5.7	Hydaburg Cooperative Association
180854	8/13/2018	5.8	Craig Tribal Association
180710	7/6/2018	6	Sitka Tribe of Alaska
180662	5/7/2018	7.6	Craig Tribal Association
180698	6/28/2018	8.9	Hoonah Indian Association
180684	6/28/2018	18.5	Central Council of Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska
180629	6/13/2018	19.8	Organized Village of Kasaan
180701	7/6/2018	50.4	Sitka Tribe of Alaska
180766	7/3/2018	61.5	Central Council of Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska

^{*200-300} ng/L action level for testing shellfish samples, NOAA Northwest Fisheries Science Center

Next Steps



- Submitted applications for funding to continue DA work in Southeast Alaska (MERHAB)
- Phytoplankton Training for SEATOR partners (PMN)
- Incorporate P-n and domoic acid information into current projects
 - Test SEATOR shellfish samples for PSP and DA









Thank You NOAA



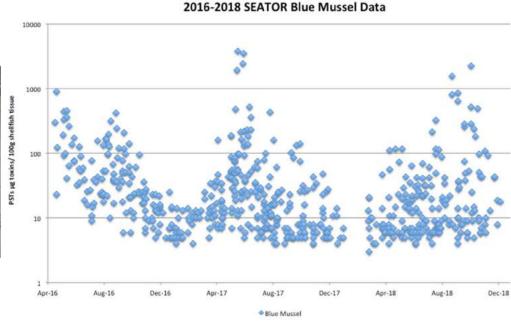


RED TIDE ALE KTHE THIS picture was taken in Metlakatla by J Russell Hayward. And there was another person that said they took a picture out by refuge cove Beware!!



This is what the red algae bloom of the last few days looks like. It is Noctiluca, which is harmless, and it floats on the water, as you can see in the bottle Under a microscope they are round and mostly clear. This is the one that is phosphorescent at night if disturbed. From my sampling today it looks like there is more out north than there is out south right now.









2019 Annual SEATOR Workshop

May 6 - May 10 Sitka, Alaska

- Participate in hands-on technical training to monitor for HABs, OA, shellfish toxins, and more.
- Learn how to perform shellfish population assessments and see the results from last year's surveys.
- · Get involved with new projects.
- Limited travel support available.
 Contact us for more details.

WE HOPE TO SEE YOU THERE!

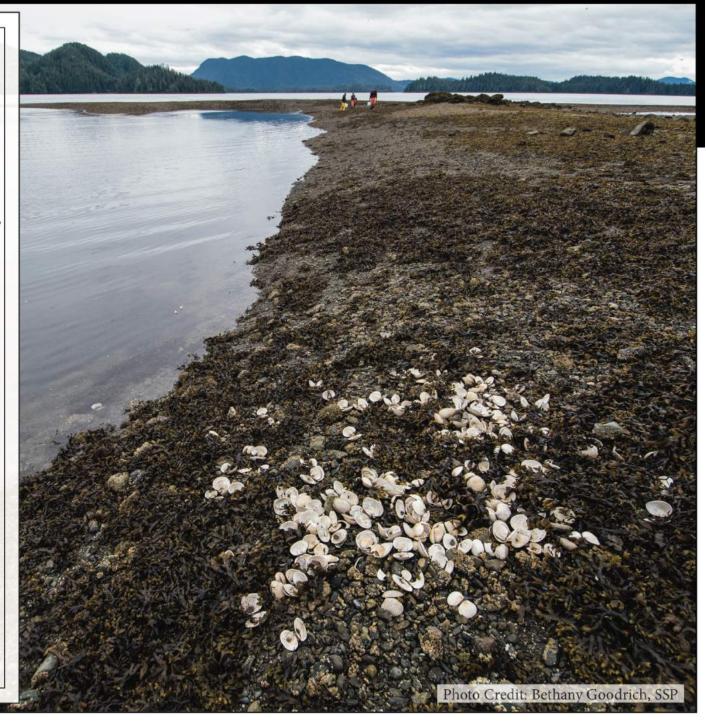
Email seator@sitkatribe-nsn.gov or call 907-747-7197 for more information.

Agenda and updates will be posted at seator.org and at

facebook.com/seator.org





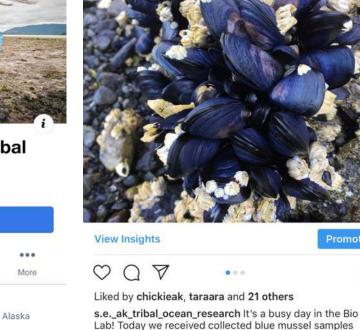


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Environmental Conservation Organization · Sitka, Alaska

Add a Button

5.0 ** Closed Now

locally at Starrigavan Beach and also received blue mussel Follow us on Instagram!

Publish

@s.e._ak_tribal_ocean_research



Questions



